

§ 585.204

name of the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia or the former Government of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, the name of the account to which interest is credited must be the same.

(b) For purposes of this section, the term "interest-bearing account" means a blocked account in a U.S. financial institution earning interest at rates that are commercially reasonable for the amount of funds in the account, *i.e.*, a rate similar to that currently offered other depositors on deposits of comparable size and maturity. Overnight investment of blocked funds is authorized, provided that the funds remain within the possession and control of the U.S. person holding the funds and that the funds remain in a blocked status at all times. Except as otherwise authorized, the funds may not be re-invested or held in instruments the maturity of which exceeds 90 days.

(c) U.S. financial institutions receiving instructions to execute a payment or transfer of funds they hold in which a person has an interest whose property or interests in property are blocked pursuant to § 585.201, shall block the funds and provide written notification to the Compliance Programs Division, Office of Foreign Assets Control, U.S. Treasury Department, 1500 Pennsylvania Ave., NW.-2131 Annex, Washington, DC 20220, within 10 business days from the value date of the payment or transfer. The notification shall include a photocopy of the payment or transfer instructions received, shall confirm that the payment or transfer has been deposited into an existing or newly-established blocked account, and shall provide the account number, the name of the account, the location of the account, the name and address of the transferor and transferee financial instructions, the date of the deposit and the amount of the payment or transfer.

(d) This section does not apply to blocked tangible property, such as chattels, nor does it create an affirmative obligation on the part of the holder of such blocked tangible property to sell or liquidate the property and put the proceeds in a blocked account. However, the Office of Foreign Assets Control may issue licenses permitting

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or directing sales of tangible property in appropriate cases.

[58 FR 13201, Mar. 10, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 34145, June 30, 1995]

§ 585.204 Prohibited importation of goods or services from the FRY (S&M).

Except as otherwise authorized, no goods originating in, or services performed in, the FRY (S&M), exported from the FRY (S&M) after May 30, 1992, may be imported into the United States, nor may any U.S. person engage in any activity that promotes or is intended to promote such importation.

§ 585.205 Prohibited exportation and reexportation of goods, technology, or services to the FRY (S&M).

Except as otherwise authorized, no goods, technology (including technical data or other information controlled for export pursuant to the Export Administration Regulations, 15 CFR parts 768-799), or services, either (a) from the United States, (b) requiring the issuance of a license by a Federal agency, or (c) involving the use of U.S.-registered vessels or aircraft, may be exported, directly or indirectly, to the FRY (S&M), or to any entity operated from the FRY (S&M), or owned or controlled by the Government of the FRY (S&M), nor may any U.S. person engage in any activity that promotes or is intended to promote such exportation.

§ 585.206 Prohibited dealing in property.

Except as otherwise authorized, no U.S. person may deal in:

(a) Property originating in the FRY (S&M) and exported from the FRY (S&M) after May 30, 1992, or

(b) Property intended for exportation from the FRY (S&M) to any country, or for exportation to the FRY (S&M) from any country, or

(c) Property being transshipped through the FRY (S&M), or in any activity of any kind that promotes or is intended to promote such dealing.